

## **IN THE CLAIMS:**

### **Kindly replace the claims of record with the following full set of claims:**

1. (Previously presented) A method of coding (2) a signal (S) comprising blocks of values to obtain a scalable bit-stream (O,BS), the method comprising the steps of:

representing (20) each block as a sequence of bit planes (BP), wherein most significant bits of the values form a most significant bit plane ( $BP_{MSB}$ ) and respective less significant bits of the values form respective less significant bit planes; and

scanning and transmitting (21,23) significant coefficients values in an order of decreasing bit plane (BP) significance;

wherein for each bit plane the step of scanning and transmitting (21,23) is performed in a rectangular scan zone ( $R_{MAX}$ ,  $C_{MAX}$ ) starting from a corner of the block, wherein  $R_{MAX}$  represents a maximum row number and  $C_{MAX}$  represents a maximum column number determined as the outermost positions of newly significant coefficients within each bit plane and said  $R_{MAX}$  and  $C_{MAX}$  values are transmitted in said bit-stream.

2. (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the values are transform coefficients.

3. (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the coding (2) is performed on each block individually to obtain respective scalable bit-streams for respective individual blocks.

4. (Previously presented) The method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of scanning and transmitting (21,23) comprises:  
initially marking (22) all values insignificant; and  
performing the following steps for each bit-plane ( $BP_{MSB}...BP_{LSB}$ ) until a stop criterion is met:  
- transmitting (22,23) a bit for each significant value (SC) in a current bit plane (BP);



8. (Previously presented) The device (93) as claimed in claim 7, further comprising:  
a truncator (95) for truncating the scalable bit-stream (O,BS) at a certain bit-rate.
9. (Previously presented) The device (54,76) as claimed in claim 7, further comprising:  
a memory (55,78) for storing a previous frame-wherein the scalable bit-stream (O,BS) is furnished to the memory (55,78).
10. (Previously presented) A camera system comprising:  
a camera (4); and  
an encoder for coding (2) a signal (S) comprising blocks of values to obtain a scalable bit-stream (O,BS), the device comprising:  
means for representing (20) each block as a sequence of bit planes (BP), wherein most significant bits of the values form a most significant bit plane (BP<sub>MSB</sub>) and respective less significant bits of the values form respective less significant bit planes; and  
means for scanning and transmitting (21,23) the values in an order of decreasing bit plane (BP) significance;  
wherein for each bit plane the means for scanning and transmitting (21,23) have been arranged to perform the scanning and transmitting for each bit plane in a rectangular scan zone (R<sub>MAX</sub>, C<sub>MAX</sub>) starting from an upper left corner of the block, wherein R<sub>MAX</sub> represents a maximum row number and C<sub>MAX</sub> represents a maximum column number determined as the outermost positions of newly significant coefficients within each bit plane and said R<sub>MAX</sub> and C<sub>MAX</sub> values are transmitted in said bit-stream.
11. (Previously presented) A method of decoding (11) comprising:  
receiving (111) a scalable bit-stream (O,BS) comprising blocks of values, the values for each block being available in an order of decreasing bit plane significance and for each bit plane scanned in a rectangular scan zone (R<sub>MAX</sub>, C<sub>MAX</sub>) starting from an

upper left corner of the block, wherein  $R_{MAX}$  represents a maximum row number and  $C_{MAX}$  represents a maximum column number determined as the outermost positions and received in the bit-stream;

regenerating (112) the blocks of values from the scalable bit-stream (O,BS); and  
decoding (113-115) the blocks of values.

12. (Previously presented) A scalable decoder (11) comprising:  
means for receiving (111) a scalable bit-stream (O,BS) comprising blocks of values, the values for each block being available in an order of decreasing bit plane significance and for each bit plane scanned in a rectangular scan zone ( $R_{MAX}$ ,  $C_{MAX}$ ) starting from an upper left corner of the block, wherein  $R_{MAX}$  represents a maximum row number and  $C_{MAX}$  represents a maximum column number determined as the outermost positions of newly significant coefficients within each bit plane and received in the bit-stream;

means for regenerating (112) the blocks of values from the scalable bit-stream (O,BS); and

means for decoding (113-115) the blocks of values.

13. (Previously presented) The decoder as claimed in claim 12 further comprising:

means for outputting (12) the decoded values.

14. (Previously presented) A method for scanning a scalable bit-stream (BS) comprising blocks of values, the values for each block being available in an order of decreasing bit plane significance, said method comprising the step of:

scanning each bit plane in a rectangular scan zone ( $R_{MAX}$ ,  $C_{MAX}$ ) starting from an upper left corner of a selected block, wherein  $R_{MAX}$  represents a maximum row number and  $C_{MAX}$  represents a maximum column number determined as the outermost positions of newly significant coefficients within each bit plane and said  $R_{MAX}$  and  $C_{MAX}$  values are transmitted in said bit-stream.

15.(Previously presented)      The method as recited in claim 14, wherein said bit-stream (BS) is recorded on a storage medium (10).